

Vehicle Access Control Pedestrian Access Control Safety & Security Equipment

T: +61 7 3205 1123

www.rotech.com.au

e: info@rotech.com.au

TRISTAR FH21 TURNSTILE 3 Arm Full Height VI (217)

Installation Instructions



Please read these instructions fully before installing

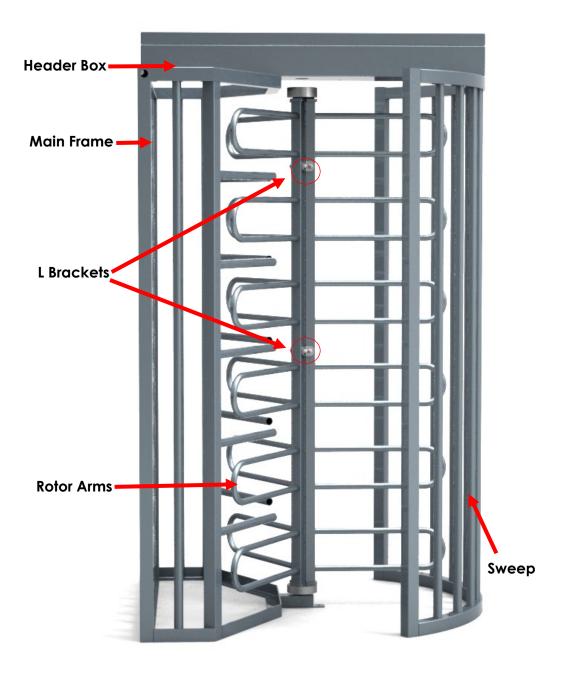
TriStar FH 21 Main Components

The turnstile consists of six main components:

- Main Frame
- Sweep
- Header Box
- 3 x Rotor Arms.

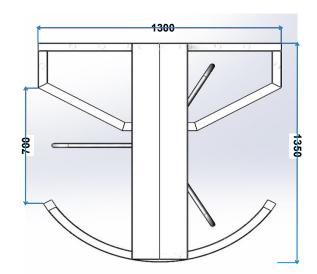
The rotors only fit one way and the top of the rotor is marked TOP_.

The Turnstile is supplied in knock down form on a pallet 1400 x 800 x 2300 and weighs 200kgs. One person can assemble the turnstile but it is advisable to use two people for safety reasons.



Dimensions

300ml clearance required for maintenance 2275 2100



Specifications

Specification

- 1. Throughput:
- 2. Duty Cycle:
- 3. Mains supply:
- 4. High Capacity Mechanism:
- 5. Solenoid:

6. Power Failure Options:

When battery backup is connected:

When battery backup is not connected: Locked entry - free exit

TriStar FH Turnstiles

15 people per minute

100%

1 Amp @ 240 VAC

Mechanical pawl and rollers non-reversible after 33°

4 AMPS @12V DC

Operates as normal for 3000 operations

- Locked exit free entry
- Locked in both directions
- Free wheel in both directions

TL 100 B

Dip switch adjustable 3 – 10 secs

N/O pulse 0.25 sec -1sec

- 7. Controller:
- 8. Self locking time out:
- 9. Trigger Pulse:

Installation Instructions

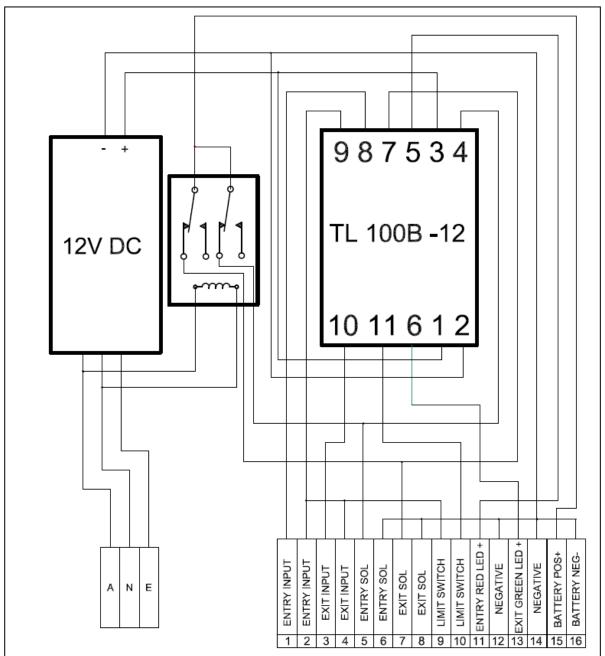
- Remove packaging, cable ties and disassemble.
- Open the header box and remove top and bottom flanges.
- Place the main frame into final position and bolt down, make sure it is square and level. This is **extremely important** as the rotor will not operate correctly if the frame is misaligned.
- Place the sweep in the correct position and bolt down, ensuring it is level.
- Lift header box into position and insert the 4 lengths 170 x 10 threaded rod into both ends of the header box and through the frame to prevent the header box falling while you jack it up.
- Fix 1 nut top and bottom of the stud. Jack up the header box using the 4 lengths of 8 x 250 threaded rod in the nutserts until it is 65 mm clear of the frame.
- Position lower rotor coupling (3 equal size blocks) onto the spigot on the main frame.
- Assemble rotor arms on the lower flange and tie together with cable ties. The rotors can only fit one way and the top is marked.
- Slowly lower the header box and engage the longest pin of the top coupling into the rotor arm, continue lowering and engage the other rotor arms.
- Tighten all bolts in the header box and rotate the arms. The arms should only require 2 kgs force to rotate freely and return to the default position. If the rotor is not free something is out of alignment, release the header box bolts and retry. If the problem persists you may need to use packers to level the sweep and /or the frame.
- Fit the two sets of "L" shape brackets onto the rotor arms and fasten securely, it is **extremely important** that these are secure.
- If they are not fitted or are loose it will damage the rotor couplings.

NOTE: All electrical connections must be completed by a licensed electrician in accordance with Australian wiring regulations.

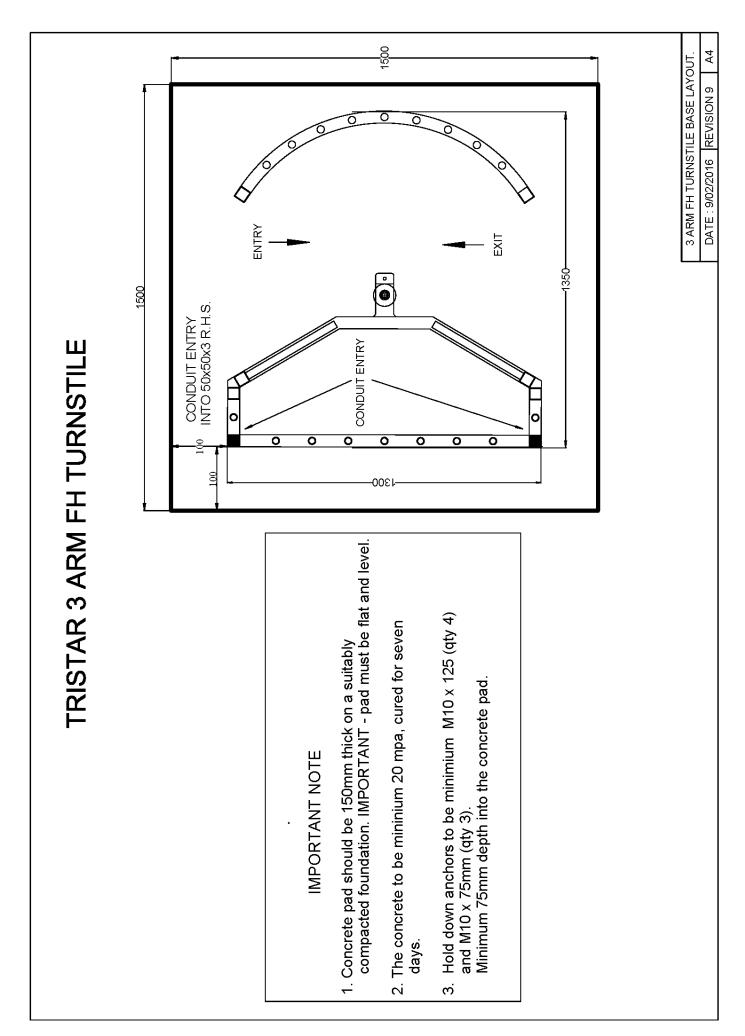
- The cables can be fed to the header box via the holes provided in the frame.
- The power and control cables to the turnstile may be fed overhead, directly into the header box or alternatively from below in conduits from the slab and entering through the hollow members of the frame.
- Holes are provided to assist the installing of cables.
- Plugs are provided to seal these holes.
- After the turnstile has been tested on mains power, disconnect the mains supply connect the red cable to POSITIVE on battery 1 and NEGATIVE on battery 2. Then test without mains connected and leave the battery connected.

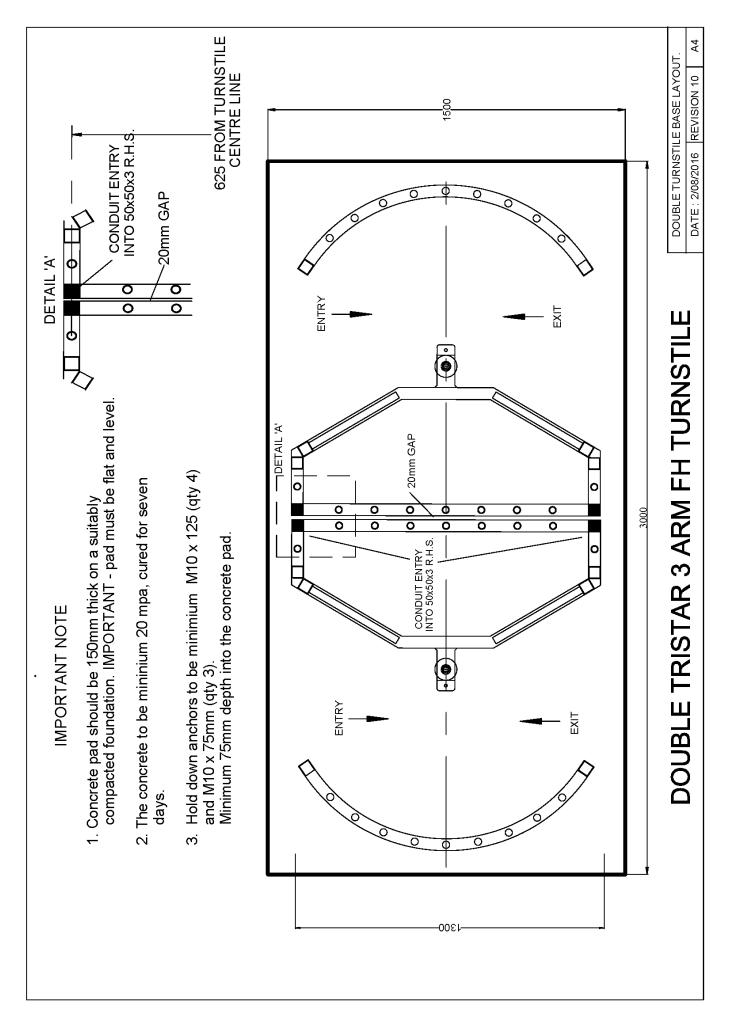
Operation

- The controller is triggered by a momentarily closed contact for + / 0.5 seconds. The solenoid unlocks the pawl to allow the rotor to rotate through 120°.
- Once past the 60° position the rotor can not be reversed to allow the person to back out.
- When the rotor has passed the 60° position the limit switch cam cancels the timer controlling the locking pawl and the turnstile locks itself.
- If a person does not proceed through the turnstile the timer will time out and lock the turnstile after a pre-set time.
- In the unlikely event of complete battery failure there is a manual release key in the header box.



Wiring Diagram





Service Instructions

TriStar turnstiles are designed for minimum maintenance during their service life. The header box lids are fitted with rubber seals to ensure a dust free interior.

NOTE : The lid must be secured at all times and not left open.

1. **SOLENOIDS:** These have hard chromed armatures running in PTFE bushes and are designed to operate dry.

DO NOT GREASE OR OIL as this could accumulate dust and damage the surface on the armature.

The master links between the solenoids and the pawl require a light grease on the shafts when doing the locking roller servicing every 2 years.

- 2. LOCKING PAWLS AND LOCKING ROLLERS: These need to be cleaned and greased approximately every 2 years, depending on the traffic flow through the turnstile.
- **3. HEAD:** The locking drum is supported by two sealed ball bearings that do not need any servicing.

4. CLEANING:

- Remove the limit cam fitted on the top of the main shaft protruding through the top plate
- Remove the 3 nuts holding the top plate down
- Lift the top plate off, lift the roller pins out with the rollers, wash and Inspect for wear Re-lubricate with grease and refit.
- Clean the pivot bushes on the pawls, re-grease and refit.
- When re placing the top plate, ensure the spindle is in the default position.
- Re-fit and tighten 3 hold-down bolts.
- Re-fit limit cam to main shaft.
- 5. **BATTERIES:** The batteries are rated for 10 years life but we suggest that you replace them every 2 years.